# NTSE STAGE – I ENGLISH

PAPER-I-B

**SLS - 2016 - 17** 

Time : 45 Minutes

Full Marks : 50

No. of items : 50

## **INSTRUCTIONS:**

- 1. Each question has four probable answers of which one is correct. You have to choose the correct one and blacken your choice in the OMR answer sheet by a black/blue ball point pen.
- 2. For wrong answer, there is no deduction of marks. One mark shall be awarded for each correct response.
- 3. No mark will be awarded for a question if a candidate darkens more than one choice.

ROLL NO.	:		
NAME	:		

# **ENGLISH**

#### Directions (1-5): Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow it:

Poetry is the language of the imagination and the passions. It relates to whatever gives immediate pleasure or pain to the human mind. It comes home to the bosoms and businesses of men, for nothing but what comes home to them in the most general and intelligible shape can be a subject for poetry. Poetry is the universal language which the heart holds with nature and itself. He who has a contempt for poetry cannot have much respect for himself or for anything else. Wherever there is a sense of beauty or power or harmony as in the motion of a wave of the sea.\, in the growth of a flower, there is poetry in its birth.

1.	Poetry is the language that stems from: (A) the imagination (C) the imagination and passions	(B) the passions (D) the intellect
2.	Poetry relates to that matter: (A) which gives nothing to human mind (C) which irritates human mind	<ul><li>(B) which titillates human mind</li><li>(D) which gives immediate pleasure or pain to human mind</li></ul>
3.	What can be a subject for poetry: (A) that which comes in opaque shape shape (C) that which comes in intangible shape	<ul><li>(B) that which comes in the most general and intelligible</li><li>(D) that which comes in particular shape</li></ul>
4.	Poetry is the universal language because: (A) the heart cannot hold with nature (C) the heart holds with nature and itself	<ul><li>(B) the mind holds with itself</li><li>(D) the passion holds with itself</li></ul>

- 5. There is poetry in its birth wherever:
  - (A) there is a sense of beauty or power or harmony
  - (B) there is a chaotic scene
  - (C) there is music in high pitch
  - (D) there is disharmony and discord

## Directions (6-10): Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow it:

A gentleman is he who never inflicts pain. He is mainly occupied in merely removing the obstacles which hinder the free and unembarrassed action of those about him and he concurs with their movements rather than takes the initiative himself. His benefits may be considered as a parallel to what are called comforts or conveniences in arrangements of a personal nature, like an easy chair or a good fire which do their part in dispelling cold and fatigue, though nature provides both means of rest and animal heat without them.

- 6. A gentleman is he:
  - (A) who looks after himself

(B) who behaves politely with others

(C) who never inflicts pain

- (D) who shies away
- 7. A gentleman is mainly occupied in:
  - (A) removing the obstacles which hinder free and unembarrassed action
  - (B) causing obstacles
  - (C) helping other people
  - (D) solving their problem
- 8. His benefits may be considered as a parallel to what are called comforts or convenience in arrangements of:
  - (A) a general nature
- (B) a social nature
- (C) a protective nature
- (D) a personal nature

- 9. An easy chair and a good fire help in:
  - (A) diffusing fatigue

(B) dispelling cold and fatigue

(C) generating comfort zone

- (D) provides coziness
- 10. Nature provides both means of rest and animal heat without:

(B) arrangements of personal nature

	(C) a parallel		(D) an easy chair or a go	ood fire
			refully and answer the quantof weakness, it is really	nestions that follow it: a sign of strength. It is easy to allow
those	natural passions. The outs the wrong doer to	man who forgives an injur	ry proves himself to be the s	t it takes a strong character to restrain superior of the man who wronged him end. So mercy is the noblest form of
11.	To forgive an injury is often considered to be a sign of weakness because  (A) it is an act of piety and compassion  (B) it is easy to be carried away by resentment and hatred and indulge in an act of vengeance  (C) it is easy to suppress anger  (D) it is not easy to take revenge			
12.	To forgive an injury is really a sign of strength because (A) a weak character likes it (B) a character is not easily ever taken by resentment (C) a character is not carried away by hatred (D) a strong character restrains those natural passions			
13.	The man who forgives an injury proves himself to be the superior because  (A) he shows his generosity and puts the wrong doer to shame  (B) he is not easily provoked  (C) he who causes injury is inferior  (D) he is god fearing			
14.	A foe may be turned in (A) vengeance	into a friend through (B) anger	(C) forgiveness	(D) ignorance
15.	The noblest form of r (A) hatred	evenge is (B) malice	(C) mercy	(D) vengeance
		e following three-sentenc n the given options to con		tences are missing. Choose the
16.	smoking.  2 –  3 – This is called the angle (A) bad habits make a	fore of habit. a person slave to it		o much food, drinking liquor or
	<ul><li>(B) the more we do a</li><li>(C) we must fight aga</li><li>(D) bad habits cost us</li></ul>		o like doing it	
17.	education			case, the great advantages of a good
	3 – It is argued that we themselves in their both (A) The men deny the (B) Women are less it	ooks and have little time to e advantage of good educant entelligent	manage the household. tion to women	ey were educated they would bury
		ninate men by receiving ed n is imperative for empowe		
				passage the first and last sentence ar to complete the paragraph.

(A) comforts and convenience

18.	S1 – Once the king was terribly annoyed with the behavior of the court jester and condemned him to death.  S2 –				
	\$3 -			<del></del>	
	S4 –				
	S5 – The clever jester	at once turned this concess	ion to his advantaged by sa	aying, "1 choose to die of old age."	
	P – But the king refuse	ed to alter his sentence.			
		his knees and pleaded for h		th for himself	
	(A) RPQ	lented and asked the Jester (B) PRQ	(C) QPR	(D) RQP	
	(A) KI Q	(D) I KQ	(C) QI K	(D) KQI	
19.	S1 – A certain farmer'	s daughter was going to ma	arket with a can of milk on	her head.	
	S2 –	<del></del>			
	S3 -				
	S4	ment she tossed her head in	' 1 1 d C '11	C 11 CC1 1 1	
	P – She refused brillia	ment sne tossed her head 11 nt offers of marriage	i pride and the can of milk	Tell off her head.	
	Q – She dreamt of bec	•			
		what she could buy with th	e price of milk, sneaking in	nto dream.	
	(A) PQR	(B) RQP	(C) QRP	(D) PRQ	
Dire	ctions (20 – 23): Choos	se the correct spelling of f	ollowing words from the	options provided.	
20.	(A) pneminia	(B) niemonia	(C) neumunia	(D) pneumonia	
21.	(A) accommodation	(B) ackomodation	(C) acommodation	(D) accomodation	
22.	(A) anterprenure	(B) interpreneur	(C) entrepreneur	(D) enterprenure	
23.	(A) superitedent	(B) supuritedent	(C) separintendent	(D) superintendent	
		following passage there a forms of the verb for each		ss. Fill in the blanks by selecting	
	nost appropriate tense	Toring of the very lor cae	a stand if our the green of		
		he people all over India as he foreigners where we <u>29</u>		26 foolish to 27 it from our lives just hind by English men.	
24.	(A) bound	(B) was binding	(C) has been binding	(D) is bound	
25.	(A) were	(B) is	(C) are	(D) was	
26.	(A) was	(B) were	(C) is	(D) would be	
27.	(A) ban	(B) banned	(C) have banned	(D) banning	
28.	(A) was	(B) is	(C) were	(D) will be	
29.			<ul><li>(B) have not refrained from</li><li>(D) would not refrain from</li></ul>		
Dire	ctions (30 – 35): Choos	se the appropriate meanir	ng from the following und	lerlined phrases/idioms.	
30.	One must account for	one's action			
30.	(A) describe	(B) avoid	(C) narrate	(D) explain	
31.		off due to lack of quorum.			
	(A) terminated	(B) continued	(C) postponed	(D) delayed	
32.	This kind of conduct c (A) ignores	ealls for severe action. (B) declares	(C) requires	(D) acquires	
	(11) 15110103	(D) deciales	(C) requires	(D) acquires	

33.	Superstitions must be a (A) ignored	lone away with (B) continued	(C) carried	(D) abolished
34.	The president gave awa (A) distributed	ay the prizes (B) displayed	(C) threw	(D) held
35.	The girl takes after her (A) dislikes	mother with her bad temp (B) resembles	per. (C) misbehaves	(D) imitates
Dire	ections $(36-43)$ : Fill in	the blanks with the mos	t appropriate option from	the given alternatives.
36.	An honest and compete (A) sinful	ent man is good for the (B) corrupt	office of Chairr (C) doubtful	nan. (D) hollowed
37.	My friend's wife forgo (A) dessert	t to serve (B) tea	at the end of the dinner. (C) coffee	(D) liquor
38.	His handwriting is tota (A) eligible	lly (B) illegitimate	(C) illegible	(D) invisible
39.	The coach cited a num (A) decrease	ber of examples to (B) damage	the morale of the pa	rticipants. (D) boost
40.	A star is a(A) stationery	object but a planet is a m (B) stationary	noving object (C) rambling	(D) cacophonous
41.	The two wrestlers are e(A) dual	engaged in a(B) duet	· (C) duel	(D) slanging match
42.	The type of mathematics that deals with the relationship between the sides and angles of a triangle is called			
	(A) geometry	(B) trigonometry	(C) calculus	(D) arithmetic
43.	He could not put a(A) robe	(B) shawl	(C) cloak	(D) bridle
Dire	ections $(44 - 47)$ : Find s	ingle words for each of t	he following expressions.	
44.	A notice showing only (A) declaration	the good qualities of a th (B) index	ing (C) nomenclature	(D) advertisement
45.	The line of latitude on the north of the equator.  (A) The tropic of Capricorn  (B) The tropic of Cancer  (C) The tropics  (D) The trough line			
46.	Concerning an animal (A) accommodative	or vehicle adapted for bot (B) bipolar	h land and water. (C) amphibious	(D) ingenious
47.	The politician gave an (A) pertinent	equivocal answer (B) evasive	(C) smart	(D) ambiguous
Dire	ections (48 – 50): Choos	e the antonym of the un	derlined word from the alt	ernatives.
48.	The minister is explicit (A) concealed	on the issue of abortion. (B) velied	(C) implicit	(D) suitable
49.	Conservatives always l	pelieve in the policy of sta	atus quo. (C) violence	(D) entanglement

Government should lay down financial rules in a transparent manner. (A) clear (B) lazy (C) opaque 50.

(D) confusing

